

# Morpheme Order And Semantic Scope Word Formation In The Athapaskan Verb Cambridge Studies In Linguistics

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### [Morpheme Order And Semantic Scope](#)

#### MORPHEME ORDER AND SEMANTIC SCOPE

MORPHEME ORDER AND SEMANTIC SCOPE Athapaskan languages are well known for their intricate morphology, in particular the complexity of their verbs. The significance of these languages for linguistic theory is widely acknowledged. In this book Keren Rice offers a rich typological survey of morpheme ordering in Athapaskan verbs, with im-

#### **Morpheme Order and Semantic Scope - Assets**

Morpheme order and semantic scope: word formation in the Athapaskan verb/Keren Rice p cm - (Cambridge studies in linguistics) Includes bibliographical references ISBN 0-521-58354-3 (hardback) 1 Athapascan languages - Verb phrase 2 Athapascan languages - Word order 3 Athapascan languages - Morphemics I Title II Series PM641

#### **Cambridge University Press 0521024501 Verb Keren Rice ...**

0521024501 - Morpheme Order and Semantic Scope: Word Formation in the Athapaskan Verb Keren Rice Frontmatter More information Title: 6 x 105 Three line title65 Author: vinodd Created Date:

**THE REORDERING OF MORPHEMES University of California ...**

order Other explanations of morpheme order, such as that proposed in Rice 1991, have focused on the relative semantic or grammatical scope of morphemes Thus in a word like [[[beauti]ful]ly], the outer suffix -ly has scope over the full adjective stem beauti-ful to its left, deriving an adverb from the adjective

**The lexicalization of verbal morpheme order in Baure ...**

semantic structure" (Payne 1990:231) • attempt to explain morpheme order, referring to layering of structure • scope used as explanation for different morpheme order 2 or (according to Haspelmath 2009) morphology Baure and other Arawakan languages (head-marking) s, adjectives BEN, CAUS, specific types of APPL

**[To appear in Diachronica] Reconstructing morpheme order ...**

narrower scope over the semantics of a root should appear closer to the root than morphemes 3 position must be morphologically stipulated independent of their semantic scope The opposition between work like that of Baker (1988) and Hyman (2003a), both synchronic a "freezing" of morpheme order—found in only

**Compounds and word trees - University of Washington**

Morpheme order and semantic scope Cambridge: Cambridge University Press Compounds in Mandarin Chinese •Mandarin—very little affixation -- /ʃɹ/ ...

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Morpheme order and semantic scope: word formation in the Athapaskan verb Cambridge: Cambridge University Press Rice, Keren 2011 Principles of affix ordering: an overview Word Structure 4 169–200 Saarinen, Pauliina & Jennifer Hay 2014 Affix ordering in derivation

**THE SYNTAX OF ADJUNCTS**

90 KEREN RICE: Morpheme order and semantic scope: Word formation in the Athapaskan verb 91 APRIL McMAHON: Lexical phonology and the history of English 92 MATTHEW Y CHEN: Tone sandhi: Patterns across Chinese dialects 93 GREGORY T STUMP: Inflectional morphology 94 JOAN BYBEE: Phonology and language use 95 LAURIE BAUER: Morphological productivity

**Principles of affix ordering: an overview Keren Rice ...**

Syntactic mechanisms are involved in getting the right order 7 A semantic account Scope/compositionality: Affixes with a more narrow scope appear in linear order closer to a root than affixes with a less narrow scope 8 A diachronic account Relevance (Bybee 1985): The order of morphemes within a word reflects an earlier

**Deg Xinag disjunct verbal prefixes and prefix positions**

Morpheme Order and Semantic Scope: Word Formation in the Athapaskan Verb Cambridge: Cambridge University Press iterative-distr-incorp Ahtna, Koyukon, DEG XINAG distr-iterative-incorp Ahtna, Dene Sułiné, Slave iterative-incorp-distr Dena'ina, Tsuut'ina, Beaver, ...

**A New Standard of Comparison**

generalization in (3) states that the semantic scope of comparison corresponds exactly to the syntactic scope of the standard constituent Bhatt and Pancheva account for this generalization by assuming that (i) the comparative morpheme more/-er must undergo Quantifier Raising for interpretability, and (ii)

**Putting Some Order into Morphology: Reflections on Rice ...**

arguing that this arises from semantic scope reflected in c-command relationships This principle is articulated explicitly as follows (Rice's example (8), p 83): (3) When one morpheme is in the scope of another, the morpheme with greater scope must c-command morphemes within its scope

### **Scope, phonology and morphology in an agglutinating ...**

tween these three sources of affix order, and show how the system can be characterized as mixed scope/morphological (a kind of system similar to 'mixed scope/ template' systems, first described in Hyman 2003), where scope and morphotactic constraints are freely ranked In Sect 5, I present evidence showing that non-

### **Adverbs and Functional Heads in Turkish: Linear Order and ...**

head in (19) and the morpheme which fills the Future head in (20) have exactly the same form, ie -(y)AcAk However, if we allow semantic scope to determine order, then the same future tense morpheme is involved in both sentences, only its position relative to ...

### **Finite State Concatenative Morphotactics: The Treatment of ...**

order could be explained in terms of semantic scope [Bybee 1985; Rice 2000], syntax, morphology and phonology [McCarthy and Prince 1993; Backer 1985 and Hyman 2003] Kanu [2009], provides morphotactics as an alternative to phonology and semantic scope for morpheme ordering in words of Temne His argument is that neither phonology

### **The view from the syntax: on the relation between linear ...**

a semantic ff and disallowed when it does not VP ellipsis and scope: (10) a Some boy admires every teacher, and some girl does too 8 > 9 or b Some boy admires every teacher, and Mary does too some > every (11) a Wide scope, (long) QR possible in both the first conjunct and the second one in a b Wide scope is blocked in the first

### **Athapaskan Verb. Cambridge Studies in Linguistics 90 ...**

or scope hypothesis" (p 20) Hypothesis (ii), the scope hypothesis, forms the major thesis of the book As Rice states, I argue that there is an overarching principle of scope, or semantic compositionality, that determines the ordering of morphemes within the verb of Athapaskan languages, and that requires morphemes of greater scope to occur

### **TAM markers in Paraguayan Guaraní: relative order and ...**

TAM markers in Paraguayan Guaraní: relative order and semantic scope There is a tendency in the languages of the world to place aspect inflection closer to the predicate stem than tense inflection and tense inflection closer to the stem than mood inflection (Bybee 1985, Boland 2006) One of the exceptions to this tendency is presented by suffix

### **Australian In tenation Academic C, Asra a ...**

Thus, morpheme order in the Mongolian sentences reflects both semantic and syntactic scope Due to these peculiarities of Mongolian, semantic and syntactic interference between the categories can be observed directly In Mongolian root and subordinate